Agenda Item 6



Author/Lead Officer of Report: Jill Hurst, Head of Housing Investment and Maintenance

Tel: 0114 2735493

Report of:	Executive Director of Place
Report to:	Corporate Executive
Date of Decision:	24 th March 2022
Subject:	Gleadless Valley Masterplan Consultation Feedback and Approval

Is this a Key Decision? If Yes, reason Key Decision:-	Yes X No		
- Expenditure and/or savings over £500,000	X		
- Affects 2 or more Wards			
Which Executive Member Portfolio does this relate to? Councillor Member for Housing, Roads and Waste Management	Paul Wood Executive		
Which Scrutiny and Policy Development Committee does this related	te to? Not applicable		
Has an Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) been undertaken?	Yes X No		
If YES, what EIA reference number has it been given? 1167			
Does the report contain confidential or exempt information?	Yes No X		
If YES, give details as to whether the exemption applies to the full report / part of the report and/or appendices and complete below:-			

Purpose of the Report

- 1. To share the community feedback from the consultation on the draft Masterplan for Gleadless Valley,
- 2. To outline what is supported by the community and if there are any areas where there is a less support from those most affected in the community.
- 3. To confirm the blocks that will be replaced or remodelled as part of this Masterplan and to note that a Local Lettings Policy will be needed that will give preference to residents with a demolition priority to enable them to stay within the area.

- 4. Seek approval for the Masterplan and authorise the Director of Housing to make non material changes to the draft Masterplan and publish a Final Masterplan
- 5. To seek approval for a number of delegations to the Director of Housing and the Head of Regeneration and Property that are needed to implement the Masterplan

Recommendations:

This report recommends that the Corporate Executive should:

- 1. Consider carefully the feedback from the community consultation on the draft Masterplan for Gleadless Valley and have regard to it in making decisions on matters addressed in this report.
- 2. Agrees the Masterplan and Authorises the Director of Housing to make nonmaterial changes to the plan based on the feedback that has been received
- 3. Authorise the Director of Housing to make arrangements to progress the implementation of Gleadless Valley Masterplan into the delivery of works phase and bring forward individual projects for approval in line with the Councils capital approval process.
- 4. Authorises the Director of Housing to publish a final Masterplan by end June 2022.
- 5. Delegates to the Director of Housing in consultation with the Corporate Executive Member for Neighbourhoods and Community Safety and pursuant to the Leaders Scheme of Delegation to:
- a. Agree and implement the arrangements for ceasing the letting of empty properties and when to begin the clearance process in accordance with the phasing programme to be determined.
- b. Agree and implement the arrangements for awarding priority for rehousing in line with the Allocations Policy for those residents affected by demolition or remodelling in line with the phasing programme to be agreed.
- c. Agree and implement a Local Lettings Policy that will give preference to residents with a demolition priority to enable them to stay within the area subject to eligibility.
- 6. Authorises the Head of Regeneration and Property to verify and validate statutory compensation claims of qualifying tenants and residents displaced under these phased schemes, and thereafter pay qualifying persons (1)

discretionary home-loss payments, and (2) discretionary payments to cover any removal expenses.

- 7. Approves that the Head of Regeneration and Property Services be authorised to (1) negotiate and agree terms for the acquisition of dwellings listed which are not owned by the City Council and, (2) to instruct the Director of Legal and Governance to complete the necessary legal documentation in respect of the acquisition of such properties
- 8. Approves that the Head of Regeneration and Property Services Property be authorised to make statutory home-loss payments to qualifying owner occupiers and tenants of private landlords and to make other necessary and lawful payments of compensation to owners of property being purchased.
- Approves that the Regeneration and Property Services be authorised to (1) negotiate the surrender of any commercial leases including electrical substations, telecommunications and other service equipment as required (2) to instruct the Director of Legal and Governance to complete the necessary legal documentation.

Background Papers:

(Insert details of any background papers used in the compilation of the report.)

Draft Masterplan Gleadless Valley Engagement Summary Stakeholder Feedback Written Submissions Interviews with residents Paper and Online Survey Results

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L	Lead Officer to complete: -			
in respect of indicated on Policy Check been incorpo	I have consulted the relevant departments in respect of any relevant implications indicated on the Statutory and Council	Finance: Karen Jones, Finance Business Partner		
	Policy Checklist, and comments have been incorporated / additional forms completed / EIA completed, where	Legal: Stephen Tonge, Solicitor, Corporate Governance		
		Equalities: Louise Nunn, Place Business Strategy		
	Legal, financial/commercial and equalities implications must be included within the report and the name of the officer consulted must be included above.			
2	EMT member who approved submission:	Mick Crofts		

3	Executive Member consulted:	Councillor Paul Wood		
4	 I confirm that all necessary approval has been obtained in respect of the implications indicate on the Statutory and Council Policy Checklist and that the report has been approved for submission to the Decision Maker by the EMT member indicated at 2. In addition, any additional forms have been completed and signed off as required at 1. 			
	Lead Officer Name:	Job Title:		
	Janet Sharpe	Director of Housing		
	Date: 17th March 2022			

1.	PROPOSAL
1.1	Summary
1.1.2	This report provides the feedback obtained from the community consultation on the draft Gleadless Valley Masterplan. It outlines where there is support for the proposals, highlights the requests for substantive changes and if such changes are recommended or not for inclusion in the Masterplan.
1.1.3	The report confirms the key elements and impacts for residents to move forward with the Masterplan on Gleadless Valley.
1.1.4	A number of officer delegations are recommended to enable the Officers to implement the workstreams described in the Masterplan. Each specific capital project within the Masterplan will follow the Council's approval process to secure the funding needed.
1.2	Background
1.2.1	The Council embarked on the Masterplan work in 2017 for Gleadless Valley following a grant bid to Government for Estate Regeneration Funding. A fundamental requirement of the grant bid and best practice in estate regeneration is that the communities affected should be engaged in the development and implementation of masterplans. The Council has promised it would consult on the Masterplan.
1.2.2	In late 2021 the proposals for the Masterplan reached an advanced stage having been co-produced with members and community. These proposals needed to be shared widely and feedback invited. Approval was given in January

	2022 to proceed with consulting on the draft Masterplan. The purpose and objective of the consultation was				
	 To enable all residents and stakeholders on Gleadless Valley to consider the Masterplan and provide feedback 				
	 b. That all feedback received by the council would be analysed, and shared with Council Members 				
	c. That Council Members would consider the feedback and have regard to it to when determining whether or not to proceed with the Masterplan and, if proceeding, whether any changes to it were necessary.				
1.3	Summary of the Masterplan that has been consulted				
1.3.1	upon				
	The draft Masterplan document shared with the public was a self-contained document prepared by the Council's professional consultants who are expert and experienced in such key regeneration engagement work. It was specifically prepared for this phase of the consultation process. The draft Masterplan is a separate document to this report and was shared with members in January 2022.				
1.3.2	The draft Masterplan aimed to give readers sufficient background on how the Masterplan was co-produced with the community and it provided clear, detailed, and understandable information supported by helpful and well set out maps, plans and specifications on all aspects of the regeneration proposed. It also included indicative designs of various homes and site plans of green space improvements. The document was constructed to allow the reader to consider specifically " <i>what's happening in my area?</i> "				
1.3.3	The Masterplan document included a summary of proposed improvements across the main workstream areas including:				
	i. An additional 138 homes of high quality that will				
	 contribute to reductions in CO2 emissions ii. Greater choice of types of homes, more homes with secure gardens, more supported housing for older people 				
	iii. Well maintained maisonette blocks with higher thermal performance, secure and upgraded communal areas				
	and modern waste facilities				
	iv. Green spaces that further enhance the parkland setting and build on the great work that stakeholders				

	and residents have already done to promote			
	 biodiversity and protect ecology v. Additional play facilities for all age groups and better 			
	distributed across the valley			
	vi. Green space and landscape improvements that both			
	provide better connectivity across the valley, provide			
	focal points, private gardens where desired and, community garden areas			
	vii. A range of initiatives to maximise training and			
	employment opportunities through the delivery of the			
	physical housing and public realm projects			
	viii. Improvements to the local centres			
	ix. Parking improvements and traffic calming in areas residents have identified as a concern			
1.3.4	The period of consultation with residents commenced on			
	24 th January 2022 and expired on 4 th March 2022, this six-			
	week period is in line with the Consultation Principles and			
	Involvement Guide. The Council is required by statute and			
	under the terms of its tenancy agreements to consult with its tenants in this matter. Full details of the consultation taken			
	during the life of the Masterplan development and during the			
	consultation period are explained in section 3 and Appendix			
	1 of the report.			
1.4	Feedback on the Masterplan – Categories of Feedback			
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	 Feedback from stakeholder groups either in writing or captured directly by officers
1.4.2	Feedback given in a and b above also provided residents the opportunity to give additional free text comments in addition to the specific questions and this has been themed to give more insight into the views of individual residents. For full details see Appendix 2
1.4.3	There was also ad-hoc feedback through emails and telephone calls. Most of this was one off observations but officers have noted where the feedback given is reinforcing similar feedback through the formal feedback processes. For full details see Appendix 2

1.5 Feedback From Residents Whose Homes Will Be Replaced

1.5.1 Under the detailed housing proposals in the draft Masterplan there are 242 homes (all tenures) that would be replaced as a result of either demolition or remodeling. The residents in these homes would receive a rehousing priority and be entitled to financial support depending on their security of tenure / ownership status. The specific blocks are:

Renewal (demolition) proposed:

380-418 Leighton Road, Sheffield
45-63 Middle Hay Close, Sheffield
25-43 Middle Hay Close, Sheffield
40-70 Middle Hay View, Sheffield
72-100 Middle Hay View, Sheffield
102-128 Middle Hay View, Sheffield
26-40 Sands Close, Sheffield
2-24 Sands Close, Sheffield
1-23 Sands Close, Sheffield

25-47 Sands Close, Sheffield

Remodelling proposed:

1-15, Plowright Close, Sheffield
17-39, Plowright Close, Sheffield
41-55, Plowright Close, Sheffield
57-79, Plowright Close, Sheffield
2-24, Spring Close View, Sheffield
66-88, Spring Close Mount, Sheffield
50-64, Spring Close Mount, Sheffield

	Morland Road 189-199, 201-211, 165-175, 177-187				
	Leighton Drive	Leighton Drive 97-107, 109-119, 73-83, 85-95,25-35, 37-47, 1-11, 13-23			1, 13-23
5.2	tenures) were o				
	Tenure		Number Consulted in person directly	Percentage	
	Council Tenant		141	65%	-
	Private Tenant		2	20%	-
	Homeowner		5	100%	-
	Leasehold Land	dlord	5	50%	-
	aware of the M Herding's were report summari has taken place including Herdi	asterpl unawa ses the e acros ngs an	Plowright residents ha an. Over half of respondent are of the Masterplan. e engagement plans s as all parts of Gleadle d so this difference is this area has not pre	ondents in Section 3 of since 2018 the ss Valley surprising ar	this at
.5.4	The majority of home owners and private tenants were aware of the Masterplan but a minority of Leasehold landlords were aware of the Masterplan				
.5.5	Overall, 80% of all respondents support the proposals for the areas of Gleadless Valley they live in. 7% of respondents are neutral and 12% oppose the proposals. Homeowners and Leasehold landlords are less supportive of the Masterplan proposals for these homes.				
.5.6	A question was asked about where a household would wish to be rehoused to and this indicated 47% of tenant respondents want to remain in Gleadless Valley, compared to 60% of owner occupiers. 27% of tenant respondents want to move out of Gleadless Valley.				

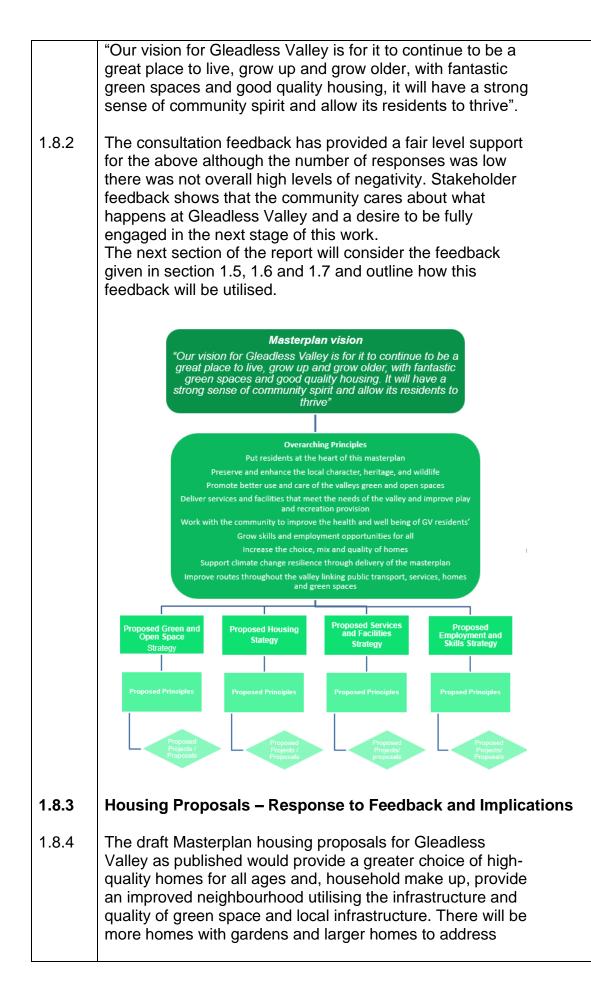
1.5.7	Comments on this question provide some insight into why residents want to remain in Gleadless Valley or do not want remain. In either case the common themes are to be close to schools, wanting to be near friends and family or have a connection with an area.
1.5.8	A further question asked what a householders preferred future tenure option would be when they were rehoused. 72% of current council tenants wished to remain a council tenant, some tenants expressed an interest in accessing the Right to Buy (RTB) discount to purchase their home.
1.5.9	80% of owner-occupiers interviewed are interested in becoming council tenants as a rehousing option. The comments section of the survey indicated that some owner- occupier are concerned that even with home loss compensation they may still have to downsize or be unable to afford another mortgage due to getting the property originally with a RTB discount / or other external factors will affect them securing a new mortgage.
1.6	Feedback From Wider Masterplan Online and Paper Surveys
1.6.1	Online and paper based surveys were another mechanism that was as used to capture feedback on the Masterplan. Respondents to the surveys were able to indicate whether they liked or did not like the proposals and they were also able to make free text comments.
1.6.2	94 surveys were received that asked questions about wider draft Masterplan, the general plans for housing, the green spaces, services and employment and skills. This figure represents only 2 percent of all 4600 homes on Gleadless Valley. This is a disappointing response rate for a regeneration project and much lower than the 63% response rate for those affected most by the proposals. Extensive efforts that were made to encourage surveys, the engagement activities and the recent coverage in the local press. See Appendix 1 for full details of the engagement activity
1.6.3	Some of the feedback on the Masterplan indicates some are sceptical the masterplan will be delivered. The plan has been in development longer than ever planned and this may have impacted on the communities being interested in completing surveys. The numbers attending in person events where paper surveys could have been completed

	may have also been impacted by Covid 19 during the consultation period.
1.6.4	Of the 4600 homes only 2464 homes remain in council ownership and of these only 25% are directly impacted by the specific housing proposals, such as refurbishment and replacement housing. All residents are impacted by the proposals for the green spaces, facilities, employment and skills.
1.6.5	Respondents were able to indicate whether they liked or did not like the proposals and they were also able to make comments. 75% of those that did complete the wider survey live on Gleadless Valley, 14% of respondents did not answer this question, with the remaining numbers having some connection to Gleadless Valley, friends, family, work etc. The survey did no
1.6.6	This wider survey did not ask whether respondents supported or did not support the Masterplan but it asked what they liked and did not like, these have been broken down by the four strategies and in section 8 the report sets out the recommended responses.
1.6.7	The top themes people liked about the housing proposals are:
	 Improving the external appearance of housing
	 Improving the quality and standard of housing
	The possibility of private gardens
	The area will be modernised
	The proposals will make people feel safer
1.6.8	The things people liked least about the housing proposals were:
	 Insufficient parking improvements
	 That views may be obscured by new housing
	That anti- social behaviour issues are not a higher priority
	 That existing homes should be tackled first
	 Uncertainty about rehousing issues
1.6.9	Overall, the majority of respondents liked the specific housing proposals or at least part of these.
1.6.10	The top themes people liked about the green space proposals are:

	Wildflower planting and more trees
	 Improving walking routes and footpaths
	Increased parking
	Improving wildlife
	The proposals will improve the image of the area
1.6.11	The overriding top 3 issues people liked least about the green space proposals were:
	Concerns about long term maintenance
	 Concerns about anti-social behaviour in green spaces including use of quad bikes.
	 Losing underused green space for new housing
1.6.12	Overall, the majority of respondents liked the green space proposals or at least part of these.
1.6.13	The top themes people liked about the employment and skills and services proposals are:
	More activities for young people
	 Improvements at Gaunt Road shops
	Help to improve employment and skills
	Working with community organisations
1.6.14	The overriding top 2 issues people liked least about the employment and skills and services proposals were:
	 Concerns about anti-social behaviour and drug issues
	Bus routes must be improved
1.6.15	Overall, the majority of respondents liked the employment and skills proposals but due to the lack of responses on the services part of the survey it is not possible to say whether people support or do not support this part of the Masterplan proposals.
1.7	Feedback From Stakeholders on the Masterplan
1.7.1	The Gleadless Valley project team have developed links with a number of stakeholders since the work began in 2018 and these Stakeholders were invited to a short briefing just

		- , pe e eeaween en on	Feedback Received from Stakeholders
	Table	2 Type of Feedback Given	Typical Examples of
1.7.4	oppo 8 th M concl Coop The S count	bers of the Gleadless Valley Steering Group had t rtunity to consider the feedback of most significan arch that fall into rows 6 and 7 of Table 2 and the usions reached at that meeting for consideration I erative Executive are set out in Table 3 on page 7 Steering Group is made up of the three local ward cillors and Cllr Paul Wood, the group has met sinc to help guide officers on the Masterplan developr	ce on by the I6. ce
1.7.3	Office signif range fall in being can b senic or ca	eximately 150 feedback observations were receive ers have reviewed all the feedback and this varies icance to the Masterplan and to illustrate the type e examples are given below in the Table 2. Items to rows 1 to 5 in the table have been assessed as non material to the approval of the Masterplan and be addressed by minor edits under the direction of r officer in the Housing and Neighbourhoods Serven be progressed in the implementation phase sho lasterplan be approved by members.	in and that a rice
1.7.2	provi has b	e feedback has been very useful, and Officers will de feedback to each organisation on each elemer been raised. The feedback will also be summarise e public on the Council website.	it that
	 S¹ P¹ S¹ S¹ H N B² 	leadless Valley Wildlife Trust (GVWT) CC PRoW (linked to the Ramblers) heffield Local Access Forum eak and Northern Footpath Society heffield Climate Alliance helter eeley City Farm ewfield Secondary School children ankwood Community Primary School children CC – Ecology Service	
	from writte in the discu	e the formal consultation was launched. The feed stakeholders on the Masterplan has taken the form in submissions in various formats or has been coll case of children / young people from officers taking ssion notes in face-to-face classroom sessions. back has been received from:	m of lated

	1 2 3 4	Seeking clarification, a asked that needs a res Suggestions for minor to draft Masterplan Suggestions for correct Masterplan that are an unintended consequen The feedback is seekin as the Masterplan mov planning and delivery p	iext changes within the ting things in the draft error or have <u>ces or were omitted</u> g further engagement es into a detailed project	Can residents receive a disturbance payment advance ? Plan should make reference to overheating on page 6 A green space site is not shown on the Masterplan If the masterplan is approved, we could look to support the employment and skills strand	
	5	The feedback is more relevant for officers / to take into account at the delivery stage of projects being developed		of the masterplan. Footpath SHE/339 is a cul de sac, is there scope or possibility that it could somehow continue towards Hemsworth?	
	6	Suggestions for significant change to the		Request for the Masterplan	
		Masterplan or specific		boundary to be changed	
	7	What stakeholders like Masterplan	/ do not like with the	Inclusion of a specific new build site development	
1.7.5	orga of the stake to ale cons	Overall, the Stakeholder feedback indicates that the nvestment at Gleadless Valley is welcomed by the organisations. This feedback can be grouped into a number of themes that were conveyed to us by more than one stakeholder. In section 1.8 these issues are be responded to alongside the feedback from the resident and wider consultation.			
		ed for more play areas and ommunity facilities spread across the valley	Anti – social behaviour is a concern; the masterplan does not fix this	Housing improvements are welcomed, it's the thing in Gleadless Valley we like the least	
	pr c	Vildlife areas need to be otected with buffer zones, oncern about building on underused land	Willingness from multiple groups to work with SCC to realise the masterplan goals	Support for a map of the ecology being produced	
		nxieties for young and old ut moving home, people will need to be supported	Mapping and improving footpaths and links across the valley will help accessibility	Waste management problems / amount of litter on the estate	
1.8	Wha	t will the final Masterpl	an for Gleadless Valley	Look Like?	
1.8.1.	Mast	terplan Vision			



	overcrowding issues as well as supported housing for older households.
1.8.5	The feedback from those who were directly consulted on the proposals for their home (addresses listed page 8) showed overall 80% percentage were in favour of replacement housing for those areas. If the Masterplan was approved, at the appropriate time in the programme, the Council would declare demolition of specific blocks and this subject to eligibility would trigger the award of a demolition priority to each household under the Council's Allocation Policy section 4.7.
1.8.6	Approximately 50% of residents would like to remain in the Gleadless Valley area to remain near family and to allow children to attend current schools. The feedback from school children highlighted some anxiety about moving home and whether they could stay in the area but they also felt the housing was something that needed most money spending on it. Rehousing concerns were also flagged as a concern in the wider consultation survey. 75% of existing council tenants affected also wish to remain as council tenants.
1.8.7	The draft Masterplan suggested that a Local Lettings Policy would be developed to support residents being able to stay in the area and the demand from the community to stay in the area, from the feedback received certainly reinforces the need for this. Section 4.23 of the Council's Allocation Policy describes that a Local Lettings Policy may be developed in certain circumstances. One example given is where applicants have been awarded a demolition priority and are wishing to remain in the same area. Local Lettings Policies need to be evidence-based and they cover defined geographic areas. Officers have developed some initial ideas for a Local Lettings Policy for Gleadless Valley that includes a time limited second demolition priority but such a scheme needs further development and would be considered in accordance with the Leaders Scheme of Delegation.
1.8.8	At the appropriate time if the Masterplan is approved arrangements will be made to cease the letting of empty properties, this will enable the clearance process to begin in accordance with the phasing programme to be determined.
1.8.9	A household may be entitled to home loss payment if they are displaced from a dwelling on any land as a result of a demolition order, a compulsory purchase order, redevelopment or where an order is made for possession

	because of demolition or redevelopment. This is covered by <i>s.29 Land Compensation Act 1973, as amended by para 3, Sch.15 Housing Act 2004.</i> This will apply subject to eligibility to the homes listed on page 8 should the Masterplan be approved. Owners are entitled to receive 10 per cent of the market value of their home, up to a prescribed maximum amount. Other applicants (including local authority and private tenants) are entitled to a prescribed flat rate payment. The prescribed amounts are revised from time to time and depend on when the person is displaced from their home.
1.8.10	Disturbance payments would also be paid to compensate a residents for reasonable expenses in moving from the house or land. People who do not qualify for a home loss payment, for example because they do not satisfy the residence requirement, may be entitled to a disturbance payment. Budget provision has been made for these payments as part of the Masterplan budget.
1.8.11	There are currently a small number of leasehold properties with owners in occupation or let out by the landlord within scope of the masterplan. By a small margin the majority of these were not supportive of the demolition and remodelling proposals. This report recognises the and the Gleadless Valley Project Team / Leasehold Services Team will range of financial concerns expressed by this group work with Leaseholders to develop plans to address these concerns. Owner occupiers maybe able to access Relocation Loans to help bridge the gap between the value of their current property and a new property.
1.8.12	A range of new housing options will be available for residents affected by remodelling and replacement to take up that will avoid them having to be displaced. Furthermore, the Council has firm plans through its stock increase programme to build 426 new homes in the local area over the next 5 years. This will also go towards mitigating the impact of these regeneration proposals to avoid any (unwanted) displacement from Gleadless Valley
1.8.13	The wider consultation also indicated that people liked the proposed improvements to existing homes, and new homes improve the quality of the housing offer, they liked the external appearance improvements, the provision of car parking and stated it would make them feel safer. One stakeholder Shelter also welcomed <i>"more houses with personal gardens for residents and increased safety and security</i>

		Older Persons Independent Living Scheme, 80 apartments at Hemsworth
	Proposal	Details
1.8.18	Summary of Housing Proposals	to go in the Final Masterplan
1.8.17	Across the wider consultation fee feedback there were positive cor parking projects that had respon on Gleadless Valley. But in addit has indicated more parking prov Masterplan area. Particular area and Bankwood. In these areas a there are also calls for road safe barriers and speed bumps. Offic with the appropriate authorities a Masterplan approval.	mments about planned ded to earlier consultation tion the recent consultation ision may be needed in the as highlighted are Overend and also at Spotswood ty improvements such as ers will raise these issues
1.8.16	Feedback also highlighted some of new homes on green space a and there could wildlife impact of the Masterplan. In Table 3 Stake that two of the new build sites be Masterplan. Officers and the Gle Group feel this removal is prema feasibility, design and stakeholde strong, clear communication stra of the Masterplan to convey the will go to protect and enhance th complies with legislation and ma building on any greenspace.	nd views may be obscured n a number of small sites in eholder feedback requested e removed from the eadless Valley Steering ature and through a robust er process we will develop a ategy during the next phase efforts that the City Council he green space, ensure it
.8.15	Leaseholders may be eligible for loans provided by the Council as themselves unable to pay in full bills can be paid in instalments a secured by a charge on the prop	a deferred debt if they find the service charge bills. The and the "loan" will be
1.8.14	A small number of leaseholders proposed refurbishment of the bl with their lease the Council woul required statutory consultation p leaseholders their proportion of t	locks and in accordance d seek (through the rocesses) to recover from
	for maisonettes. More housing is so Sheffield".	omething we need across

	Housing Growth schemes – new homes on land already allocated to housing (already at planning stage)	New build houses at Gaunt Road
	Infill housing	Across a number of sites 109 new build houses and apartments
	(New build housing on space in between and around existing homes)	See pages 7&8 draft masterplan
	Housing Renewal	Replacement of 10 blocks of maisonettes and replacement with 88 new houses and apartments
		Sands Close, Middlehay Close and View, Leighton Road
		See pages 9-10 draft masterplan
	Remodelling (Remodelling of existing blocks to	Remodelling of 52 ground floor maisonettes into 36 3-bed town houses and 16 2 bed maisonettes
	create different sizes/types of homes)	Plowright Close, Spring Close Mount & View
		Remodelling of 1 bed flats in 4 bed town houses
		Leighton Road & Drive, Morland Road
		See pages 11-14 draft masterplan
	Refurbishment (51 blocks)	51 blocks, 624 homes
	(External refurbishment of existing blocks and communal areas)	Plowright, Ironside, Blackstock, Constable, Mawfa, Spring Close View, Spotswood, Leighton, Abney, Newfield Green
		See page 14 draft masterplan
1.8.19	No material changes are propos housing proposals in the Master some of the operational arrange needed to progress the housing therefore a number of delegatior and the Head of Regeneration a the recommendations section of	plan. This section described ments and policies that are regeneration plans, ns to the Director of Housing nd Property are set out in
1.8.20	Green and Open Space Propo	sals and Implications
1.8.21	Green and Open Space Proposals and Implications Green spaces, a parkland feel, and ancient woodlands are integral to the Gleadless Valley estate. In partnership with the community, a Valley-wide strategy has been developed to guide investment in green and open spaces, covering a wide range of objectives such as tackling tenancy breaches and inappropriate behaviour, the promotion of biodiversity and increasing opportunities for recreation and play.	

	Stakenolder	Type of Request	Summary of Request	Officer Comment	Steering Group View
	Gi Stakeholder			Organisation Feedback & Reco	
	Table 3				
	-	the Masterpl in June 2022	an prior to publicat 2.	ion of the final	
1.3.20	Cooperative with either p by authorisi	e Executive is post Masterp ng the Direc	s that the feedback lan approval in the tor of Housing to m	could be dealt delivery phase or ake non material	
1.8.25	from Stakel predominar page 12 this Steering Gr	nolders relati nce on green s has been c oup and Offi	IO significant pieces ng to the Masterpla spaces matters. A onsidered by the G cers. awn and recommer	n with a s indicated on leadless Valley	
1.8.24	two schools the whole o play areas s many in low accessible Gleadless \ approach to	visited all ca f Gleadless v should be clo ver Gleadless enough. Two /alley. Parks o play and ree number of ree	the organisation S alled for more play Valley. It was also o ser to the housing s Valley, Herdings I o of the three new p and Countryside's creation is to focus creational locations	spaces across commented that and that for Park was not arks are in lower strategic on a fewer	
1.8.23	welcome m indicated th the features but they wa	ore trees bei e green spaces they like mo nt to be invo ped for mead	vant to see trees be ng planted. School ces on Gleadless V ost about living in G lved in shaping wh ow, and what and v	children alley are one of leadless Valley, at further areas	
1.8.22	the commune most people strong desire	nity, give to g e like about (e for protect	ck has reinforced t green spaces , it is Gleadless Valley no ing the existing wild access and mainta	one of the things w. There is a llife, woodlands	
	•	• •	ket parks to an am naturalistic green		

G	VWT	Removal of a site proposed for new build and site designated as green space.	Site in close proximity to valuable wildlife habitat. Alternatively woodland area needs to be protected by a buffer zone and during construction works	Removal of new build will reduce the net number of homes that would be built. No detailed feasibility has yet been undertaken to establish the viability of the site. Feasibility, design and planning stages will consider these issues.	Retain site within the plan but aim to include a buffer zone to protect wildlife. Work with GVWT on any new build plans at the appropriate NO MATERIAL CHANGE NEEDED TO MASTERPLAN
G	VWT	A request for an ecological map to be produced and funded.	A map showing the areas of land with ecological and green heritage value that is to be protected, retained and managed as naturalistic green space needs to be added to the Plan.	Was due to be delivered by Project Team as part of the masterplan however timeframes and staff capacity prohibited this	Fund and produce an ecological map to be referenced in the Masterplan Work with stakeholders on the content of this plan. NO MATERIAL CHANGE NEEDED TO MASTERPLAN
G	VWT	Alteration to Masterplan boundary in 4 areas	GVWT have provided a drawing for the changes. These are: *To exclude parts of Lees Hall Golf Course currently within the boundary as these areas do not have public access. *To include the whole of key green space sites and potential project areas, detailed list provided includes land with potential for meadow and wetland enhancement and expansion, access improvements and restoration of small orchards, Blackstock Open Space, the 'hub' area at Lees Hall *Potential new orchard project proposed by Regather. * The whole of the valuable Leeshall	The proposed alterations were rejected by members a number of years ago. The changes make some sense as they follow natural landscape boundaries such as change in land use. Sourcing external funding by GVWT may be a benefit if the green space is less divided. Proposals cross over into other ward boundaries and there has been no consultation with these residents, risk of a legal challenge.	No changes to the masterplan boundary but members wish to reaffirm their commitment to support enhancements to green spaces and habitats in the areas identified by GVWT that will benefit the Masterplan. NO MATERIAL CHANGE NEEDED TO MASTERPLAN

			1	1
		Wood and the Cat Lane and Nether Spring sites		
GVWT	Amendment to housing proposals	Modifications to the Sands Close housing proposal would be desirable to avoid encroachment onto the Local Wildlife Site and could severely restrict the habitat link to Hurlfield Quarry. A possible approach has been provided. The Local Wildlife Site would also have to be protected during the demolition of the existing maisonettes.	The housing proposals are strongly supported by the current residents. As with all new build schemes there will be an ecological assessment at the planning stage and consideration can then be given to the issue of wildlife impacts, biodiversity and net gain.	No changes to current housing proposals. Officers will work with GVWT to try to address the issues raised without compromising the overall housing outputs. NO MATERIAL CHANGE NEEDED TO MASTERPLAN
GVWT	Change to green spaces in plan	A valuable area of green spaces forming a green link between the naturalistic green space sites of Nether Spring site and Hurlfield Quarry, and to Gleadless Common, has been omitted and needs to be added to the Plan.	This green space needs to be shown on the plans. It would be picked up as part of the green space/ecological/heritage asset map.	Include as part of ecological map work NO MATERIAL CHANGE NEEDED TO MASTERPLAN

GVWT /	Amendments	The green routes	3 organisations have made	Officers to work
PROW /	needed to	shown in the	comments on public rights of	with the
Local Access	green routes	Masterplan are only	way and so potentially high	organisations who
Forum	within the	indicative some of the	impact.	have made contac
	Masterplan	routes shown are		to ensure public
	1	impractical for	Important as part of the way	rights of way are
	1	general pedestrian	finding ambitions as well that	accurately
	1	access, examples	this is addressed.	represented for t
	1	given. GVWT would		Masterplan area
	1	be happy to advise in	Recognise also that footpath	CCC will a dhara t
	1	the implementation phase of the Plan.	closure is reference as a	SCC will adhere t
	1	For parts of the	possibility in the Masterplan and SCC will need to adhere to	statutory legal processes for any
	1	routes acting as green	statutory legal processes for	footpath closure
	1	links little indication is	any footpath closure.	iootpath closure
	1	given on what		NO MATERIAL
	1	habitats are present		CHANGE NEEDED
	1	and what potential		TO MASTERPLAN
	1	there is for habitat		
	1	improvements. Hence		
	1	the reason we have		
	1	mapped and given		
	1	information on		
	1	important habitat		
	1	green links.		
GVWT	Greater	Landscape Scale	Funding is already allocated	Officers will wor
	Emphasis in	Naturalistic Green	from CIL to complete the	with GVWT to
	the	Spaces and Green	management plan work.	include a short
	Masterplan	Links 'Project.' The		statement in the
	to a	Trust welcomes	It would help pull together the	Masterplan that
	landscape	proposals in the	green space proposals and link	places greater
	scale	Masterplan to	strongly with the requested	emphasis on a
	naturalistic	improve green spaces	new green space/designation	landscape
	green space	for recreation, play	mapping.	approach to gree
	approach	and nature. However,	There is no funding available for	space.
	1	most of the proposals	volunteer support within the	
	1	are for small discreet	HRA cost envelope for these	Officers to work
	1	projects and the plan	activities.	with GVWT to he
	1	appears to lack an		identify external
	1	overarching		funding for
	1	landscape scale		volunteer work
	1	approach to green		NO MATERIAL
	1	spaces, particularly for the naturalistic		CHANGE NEEDEI
	1	green spaces. This		TO MASTERPLAN
	1	needs to be		
		supported by a		
		management plan		
		management plan being produced and		
		management plan being produced and support for the		
		management plan being produced and support for the existing volunteer		
		management plan being produced and support for the existing volunteer network to grow to		
		management plan being produced and support for the existing volunteer		

	CVAAT	Amondacent	Dago 6 Mision and		No change to the
	GVWT	Amendment	Page 6- Vision and		No change to the Aim
		to Housing Aims	Aims: Housing Aims: We feel the character	Suggested statement is unclear.	
		description	aim need to have	Suggested statement is unclear.	NO MATERIAL
		acscription	stronger protection	The Masterplan goals include	CHANGE NEEDED
			for naturalistic green	"Preserve and enhance the local	TO MASTERPLAN
			spaces etc, Our	character, heritage and wildlife.	
			suggested		
			amendments is		
			"Ensure that the		
			locations, designs and		
			construction of new		
			housing and		
			adaptions to existing		
			buildings		
			complement and		
			enhance the		
			character of the		
			parkland estate, and		
			protects valuable biodiversity and		
			heritage."		
	GVWT	Significant	Concerned at the use	The word underused has	No change to this
		text change	of 'underused spaces'	different meanings depending	term in the
			in the aims. A green	on your perspective.	document.
			space may have low	, , , ,	
			levels of use by	We received feedback from	Officers to ensure
			people (e.g., because	school children are concerned	there is wide
			it's steep) but may	that some areas proposed for	engagement at the
			have high or	meadow are the only flat areas	delivery stage.
			potentially high	they have to play.	
			landscape, wildlife		NO MATERIAL
			and/or heritage value	In the Masterplan this primarily	CHANGE NEEDED
			(e.g., has areas of	refers in the plan to areas	TO MASTERPLAN
			existing wildflower grassland even if	between and next to existing housing where infill housing is	
			presently close	proposed.	
			mown). For this		
			reason, we think the	The Masterplan green space	
			aim below needs to	aims are intend to enhance the	
			be for 'underused and	green space quality in these	
			low quality spaces',	areas.	
			with low quality		
			meaning it has low		
			existing or potential		
			value for landscape,		
			wildlife and/or		
	GVWT	Removal of a	heritage. Raeburn Road – this	Removal of new build will	Retain site within
		site	grass bank supports	reduce the net number of	the plan but
		proposed for	meadow wildflowers,	homes that would be built. No	establish plans for
		new build.	and we understand is	detailed feasibility has yet been	development by
			a designated Open	undertaken to establish the	Places for People.
			Space. It also acts as a	viability of the site. Officers	NO MATERIAL
			green link between	have checked this site is owned	CHANGE NEEDED
1.8.26			part of Herding's	by Places for People and	TO MASTERPLAN
1.0.20					

		Meadows and the meadow areas at Raeburn Place Green Space.dialogue is needed in what their future plans are.
Proposal	Summary of Green S	Space Proposals to be included in the Final Masterplan Details
Public realm	Newfield Green	New public realm area including improved crossing provision and paths
	Spotswood	and cycle lanes Improvements to paths and green space including pocket park with benches
	Blackstock Road	Landscaping, path upgrades and seating areas to improve the look and feel of Blackstock Road
	Spring Close	Improved landscaping and connectivity to Gleadless Road
	Mawfa	Landscaping, traffic calming and new seating area at Mawfa "Village Green"
Play and recreation	Newfield Green	Upgrades to young children's play provision
Teorealion	Leighton Road	Upgrades to teen play provision
	Spotswood	New play equipment on pocket park
	Hemsworth	Improvements to pitch and new play equipment on open space
Gardens	Infill housing	All new houses to include private gardens
	Maisonettes	Landscaping upgrades and planting in communal gardens
	Remodelling	Ground floor town houses to include private gardens
Natural green space	Woodland Management Plan	Plan to improve quality and use of Wooded areas
0000	Wildflower/natural areas	Some maintenance regimes to be adapted to support more natural open spaces
	Ecological protection	Green corridors, protection of ecological assets and promotion of biodiversity
	Tree planting	New tree planting will enhance existing neighbourhoods and off set new development
	Locally led projects	Local groups such as GVWT will be supported to continue their green space projects
1.9 S	Services and Facilitie	es to be included in the Final Masterplan

- 1.9.1 A sustainable services and facilities offer that promotes equality and boosts health and wellbeing outcomes for local people is important for Gleadless Valley. Over time the sustainability of the three local centres built in the 1950's has varied. The current offer is limited in choice and value and requires travel for healthy food on a budget. It is important that the run-down shopping precincts are not left behind as part of this regeneration and this work will inform the Council's city-wide plans for its district centres.
- 1.9.2 There is feedback from the community in support of improving all the retail facilities but in particular addressing the Gaunt Local Centre. An option appraisal is currently being commissioned to help identify the most effective way to regenerate the Gaunt Shops site, provide growth and contribute towards affordability and accessibility. This will be completed in the Summer.
- 1.9.3 Appropriately located community facilities and youth provision were identified by the community as important features of the Masterplan. A number of comments were also made about the need for investment in the Newfield Green Community Centre and this can be considered as part of the community facilities review work already been undertaken in Sheffield City Council. Improving accessible transport links has been a reoccurring theme throughout previous consultation on the Masterplan, and this has emerged again as an issue for local people. Bus providers have been engaged with, but at the time this could not be facilitated. Post the Masterplan being approved affordable provision will be explored with colleagues in Transport to try to secure improvements.
- 1.9.4 Across all themes feedback was returned that indicated the community in all aspects of their lives were concerned about anti- social behaviour (ASB). This negatively affected some of their feelings about the masterplan proposals, even when improvements were being suggested. The feedback included ASB within and around homes which wasn't tackled by authorities, when accessing green space ASB can be encountered, green spaces are being spoilt by fly tipping and littering and also when attending local retail facilities.
- 1.9.5 There was also some concern that bringing more people to live of Gleadless Valley may make the situation worse. Whilst homes may have increased security measures overall it was felt this would not address issues of drug taking without support and quad bikes on the estate would damage the improvements. At the member Gleadless Valley Steering Group it was felt that a holistic and agency wide strategy for tackling anti-social behaviour should be an important service priority / output for the final Masterplan.

1.9.6 The following table summarises the plans for service improvements across the valley, these broadly align with the feedback received and none of

these received any negative feedback, indeed respondents wanted to see
more specific detail.

Proposal	Area/ approach	Details	
Local centres	Newfield Green	Improvements to shop frontages and public realm	
	Gaunt and Herdings	Improvement/ regeneration of the local centre	
Transport and Highways	Bankwood	Traffic calming and additional parking to improve safety	
	Newfield Green	Improvements to crossings and paths including cycle provision	
	Blackstock Road	Provision of formal parking spaces	
	Constable	Parking improvements	
	Various locations	New and remodelled homes to include formal parking	
Community facilities	Hemsworth	New high quality community space to be included in the OPIL scheme	
	Existing assets	Management of existing facilities will maximise benefits for local people	
	Public realm	Investment in the public realm will encourage people to meet outside in safe spaces	
Partnership working	Community growing	Sustainable community-led food productive growing projects	
	Community gardens	Community led communal and public garden projects	
	Community groups and services	Shared spaces and joined up working to boost community development	

1.10 Employment and Skills to be included in the Final Masterplan

1.10.1 Gleadless Valley has lower than average levels of educational attainment, lower general levels of skills and productivity and, higher than average levels of unemployment and economic inactivity. Within the masterplan there is an aspiration to boost employment and training opportunities and have an employment and skills strategy. The strategy will contain a range of initiatives including maximising training and employment opportunities through the delivery of the physical housing and public realm projects. Increasing the number of homes close to local centres, and improving the local centres is key to increasing footfall and sustaining and attracting local business and employers.

1.10.2 The table below summarises the themes of this aspect of the plan, it is acknowledged that this needs further work but it was encouraging that a number of stakeholders were keen to work with the Council to support this goal aiming to raise the bar on local employment opportunities.

Proposal	Approach	Details
New Employment and Skills Strategy - OS	Gleadless Valley	Pilot for the area
Apprenticeships and Training	Gleadless Valley	Targets for local employment linked to Gleadless Valley investment
Employment and Workspaces	Retail Centres	Creating new opportunities as part of any redevelopment
Nursery Space	Newfield Green	Address childcare gaps, encourage local employers
Community Enterprises	Gleadless Valley	Take forward community commission ideas for food production
Career Fairs / Support Hub for local business	Gleadless Valley	Community based support service e.g., World of Work / support with job applications

2. HOW DOES THIS DECISION CONTRIBUTE?

- 2.1 The proposed changes in the will improve homes, the local neighbourhood and green spaces on Gleadless Valley.
- 2.2 By delivering the schemes within the masterplan it will contribute to the ambitions to reduce carbon emissions, benefit those in fuel poverty and improve biodiversity.
- 2.3 Through the investment directly on the estate and working with community and voluntary organisations it is hoped that the green space leisure related enhancements, employment opportunities will be created and the acquisition of new skills will be more within reach of residents, helping to support health and wellbeing.

3. HAS THERE BEEN ANY CONSULTATION?

3.1 Key stages of masterplan development pre-draft publication

The development of the masterplan has been by "co-design" with members, residents and stakeholders working on Gleadless Valley. In summary:

- a. In October 2017 the first consultation exercise began to understand what residents living in and near the valley liked and didn't like about Gleadless Valley.
- b. In June 2018 URBED Ltd were procured and appointed by the Council to assist with this work and commissioned as master planning consultant to provide urban design advice and support for the masterplan.
- c. In 2018 residents and stakeholders were invited to participate in engagement for developing the possible content of the masterplan based on the feedback in 2017. This included questionnaires, speaking directly with the community, 1-2-1 resident meetings, visioning events, design for change workshops and options exhibitions.
- d. In 2018 "Design for Change" workshops, facilitated by URBED and Council officers, gave local people the chance to start developing ideas and designing solutions for their neighbourhood, with the ideas developed and presented at exhibitions.
- e. In 2019 architects and urban designers were procured and commissioned to draw up designs for housing and green space proposals. These commissions and proposals considered: the previous resident engagement feedback; previous building surveys; and housing and estate management feedback relating to anti- social behaviour, hard to let homes and levels of rent arrears. Proposals were then costed, and a financial / high level delivery plan was developed.
- f. During the period 2018 and 2021 there has been specific workstream focus groups with key stakeholders from Council teams including Parks, Countryside and Woodlands, Highways, Property Services, Capital Delivery Service, and key services and stakeholders working in Gleadless Valley, some examples include: the Gleadless Valley Tenants and Residents Association; the Friends of Gleadless Valley; and Gleadless Valley Wildlife Trust. These have invaluable and have particularly shaped the strategies for green and open spaces and employment and skills.

Consultation on Draft Masterplan February – March 2022

- 3.2 Various methods and levels of communications and consultation were undertaken during the above period:
 - a. Online consultation surveys
 - b. Social media and .gov emails.
 - c. Online videos of Masterplan proposals
 - d. Pre-arranged 1-2-1 sessions with residents affected by the replacement housing proposals to gather their views
 - e. Six consultation events in community buildings
 - f. Consultation materials in community buildings alongside paper surveys
 - g. Letters / post cards / posters / banners encouraging participation
 - h. Project Team telephone enquiry point
 - i. School visits

- 3.3 Appendix 1 provides the specific detail of the engagement activities undertaken, who participated and the levels of participation for each method used. As indicated in the previous sections on the feedback received, levels of engagement for those most affected was particularly high and there was also high levels of support for the masterplan from this group.
- 3.4 Whilst the wider Gleadless Valley community did not participate in statistically significant numbers there was support for the masterplan which has taken 4 years to develop. Some residents told us that were sceptical that the plan will be delivered. It is thought therefore that the low response rate was due to an element of engagement fatigue or the delay between initial consultation and consultation on the draft masterplan.

4. Masterplan Cost and Funding

4.1 Feedback on the masterplan and any proposed changes has not highlighted any areas at this stage that would affect the high-level cost and funding plan for Gleadless Valley. Funding of £42m for the existing stock on the Gleadless Valley Masterplan was approved as part of HRA Business Plan report in January 2022.

						Additional Grant Ask
Type of			Other Capital		External	Homes
Scheme	Total Cost	HRA Capital	Resources	Borrowing	Grant	England
	£			£	£	
Infill	26,898,960			22,179,960	4,719,000	
Housing	£	£	£	£		£
Renewal	24,990,330	2,097,560	1,081,999	16,910,771		4,900,000
	£	£	£			
Remodelling	13,696,729	13,133,729	562,999			
	£	£				
Refurbishment	20,413,190	20,413,190				
	£	£	£			
Public Realm	5,702,775	5,388,881	313,893			
	£	£	£	£	£	£
TOTAL	91,701,984	41,033,360	1,958,891	39,090,731	4,719,000	4,900,000

- 4.2 The Council has a separate agreed Stock Increase Programme (SIP) that will provide 42 local area / local neighbourhoods. The Infill housing above will be at affordable rent levels England funding to ensure the schemes are viable for the Housing Revenue Account. Curr funding have been assumed.
- 4.3 Further funding needs to be identified to support the delivery of local centre improvements and some employment and skills initiatives. The Council does not own most of this provision and has limited resources to directly fund local centres but will enable and support this activity and seek funding from other sources.
- 4.4 Opportunities for grant funding may help reduce the burden on HRA resources, e.g. green homes grants, but no assumptions for this grant income have been assumed at this stage but the Council will actively support groups working to deliver the ambitions of the masterplan to bid for other funding sources that can be considered.

- 4.5 The feedback from a small number of Owner Occupiers has indicated that financial support may be needed to secure alternative housing. The Council may offer relocation loans such loans cannot be funded from HRA resources but an option is to fund this from land and other capital receipts with the money being repaid.
- 4.6 The funding assumptions above have made allowances for an Gleadless Valley Regeneration delivery team to implement the plans and final proposals.
- 4.7 Members should note that any projects where demolition is approved will impact on rental and council tax income as properties become empty. The HRA Business Plan approved in January 2022 did not make any assumptions for rental income being lost as a result of the proposed demolitions.
- 4.8 Key risks associated with the funding assumptions currently are:
 - a. Construction inflation currently is 4.5% and current assumption on the HRA business plan are for 2.5% over the 15-year period of the Masterplan so this is a risk that needs to be monitored carefully.
 - b. Construction inflation may impact on the pipeline of SIP projects that can be avoided
 - c. Detailed site surveys have not been undertaken, costs are based on RIBA stage 1
 - d. Green standards for existing social homes are based on reaching EPC level C, higher levels will increase costs. Current government grant regime is only directed to homes to achieve EPC level C and not higher, this will restrict Sheffield's ability to secure grants.
 - e. Homes England grant regime may change, for example grants may be linked to social rent being charged which would may the schemes not viable.

5.0 Summary

- 5.1 Feedback on the draft Masterplan has received a significant level of positive support from those most affected. There was less feedback from the wider community surveys but this has been supplemented by adhoc feedback and what was received overall was positive. It has indicated respondents would like more investment, the comments received were also consistent in themes across all forms of feedback. This should provide some reassurance that it can be relied upon to inform any decisions. The Masterplan contains much of what the community are looking for and the approval of and subsequent improvements will stimulate the regeneration of this area and deliver the agreed vision for Gleadless Valley.
- 5.2 Constructive feedback has been received from all stakeholders and a real desire to continue to be involved as the programme moves into delivery stage is welcomed. The report indicates where there has been Steering Group engagement on some aspects of the feedback and provides the conclusions from those discussions member. The non-material amendments do not significantly change the Masterplan goals and aspirations but will

strengthen the aspirations to enhance the green spaces and connectivity, and to support biodiversity.

- 5.3 The report summarises the feedback that has been received and provides a response to the key issues raised. A number of non-material changes to the Masterplan have been identified which can be addressed post approval of the Masterplan under the stewardship of the Director of Housing.
- 5.4 If approved in summary the final Masterplan will provide:
 - a. An additional net increase of 138 homes of high quality that will contribute to reductions in CO2 emissions
 - b. Provide greater choice of types and tenure of homes, more homes with secure gardens, more supported housing for older people
 - c. Well maintained maisonette blocks with higher thermal performance, secure and upgraded communal areas and modern waste facilities
 - d. Green spaces that further enhance the parkland setting and build on the great work that stakeholders and residents have already done to promote biodiversity and protect ecology
 - e. Additional play facilities for all age groups and better distributed across the valley
 - f. Green space and landscape improvements that both provide better connectivity across the valley, provide focal points, private gardens where desired, and community garden areas
 - g. A range of initiatives to maximise training and employment opportunities through the delivery of the physical housing and public realm projects
 - h. Improve the local centres
 - i. Parking improvements and traffic calming in areas residents have identified as a concern
- 5.5 The report explains the implications for those most affected with regards to rehousing priority being awarded, the need for a local lettings policy to be agreed and the payments to those being displaced from their homes as a result of the Masterplan proposals.
- A number of pieces of work have been identified from the consultation that will support the
 5.6 Masterplan, most notable are an ecology map, whether additional further parking
 improvements are needed and a strategy for managing anti-social behaviour in the area.

6. RISK ANALYSIS AND IMPLICATIONS OF THE DECISION

6.1 Equality of Opportunity Implications

6.1.1 A full Equalities Impact Assessment (EIA) was completed in 2018 and this has been reviewed and updated taking into consideration the draft Masterplan proposals. A new EIA has been completed taking into account the feedback from the community

- 6.1.2 Overall, the masterplan will have key positive impacts on people who live and work in Gleadless Valley. The proposed Masterplan will provide a plan and a series of improvements that will stimulate the regeneration of this area and deliver the agreed vision for Gleadless Valley.
- 6.1.3 The masterplan will have a cumulative impact as proposals will be delivered over at least 10 years. As more improvements are delivered across the valley, more benefit should be seen for residents living there.
- 6.1.4 The Gleadless Valley Masterplan is intended to positively impact all residents, employees and visitors of the Valley regardless of sex, sexual orientation, faith, race, disability, age, rural isolation and social deprivation. It will promote improved equal access to opportunities throughout the Valley. For example, its aims to increase the access to outdoor sport, leisure and play opportunities as well as access to suitable housing. Full support will be given to residents to relocate and find homes that meet their needs and that of their household, including financial compensation, to mitigate any negative impacts. Individuals who may be more adversely affected by disturbance caused by refurbishment work will be assessed and supported on a case-by-case basis.
- 6.1.5 The Masterplan is inclusive and does not negatively impact on any Protected Characteristic.
- 6.1.6 Profiling information will be used for the area, to ensure that we reach out to any tenants that require extra support, this may include
 - Information in different languages.
 - Interpreters
 - More assistance for people with disabilities, including accessibility during the programme of works.
 - Support for our vulnerable tenants including any with mental health issues.
- 6.1.7 Communication will be on-going to provide people in the area with regular updates on the progression of the Masterplan activities

Issues raised will be addressed through regular monitoring against actions in the EIA. Any policy change or new project that arises following the Masterplan consultation will require an individual EIA.

6.2 <u>Financial and Commercial Implications</u>

- 6.2.1 To date £515,000 of external grant funding from the Estate Regeneration fund has been committed to developing the draft Gleadless Valley Masterplan.
- 6.2.2 Any further work needed to bring forward revisions to the Masterplan prior to approval will be funded from the Housing Investment Plan.

- 6.2.3 The funding for the investment in existing homes and specific HRA green space projects in the Masterplan is included within the HRA Business Plan that was approved on the 19th ^{of} January 2022. The new homes in the plan will be funded from the HRA borrowing for the stock increase programme and through grant submissions to Homes England.
- 6.2.4 The costs of the plan and funding will be reviewed on an annual basis due to the impact of construction inflation, this will take place as part of the annual review of the Council's HRA Business Plan.
- 6.2.5 Rent loss will be incurred as a result of the proposals to demolish homes although this will in part be offset by savings on repairs and management costs.

There are no commercial implications at this stage of the Masterplan

- 6.3 Legal Implications
- 6.3.1 The Council has a "General Power of Competence" pursuant to section 1 Localism Act 2011 which gives local authorities the legal capacity to do anything that an individual can do that is not specifically prohibited. This general power gives the Council more freedom to do creative and innovative things to meet local people's needs. The general power of competence does not relieve the Council from any of its specific statutory duties.
- 6.3.2 More specifically in relation to acquiring land and property the Council has a general power under the s120 of the Local Government Act 1972: For the purposes of any of its functions under the Act or any other enactment or to benefit, improve or develop its area, the Council may acquire by agreement any land, whether situated inside or outside their area. The Council may acquire by agreement to acquire land, notwithstanding that the land is not immediately required for that purpose; and, until it is required for the purpose for which it was acquired, any land acquired under this section may be used for the purpose of any of the council's functions.
- 6.3.3 Consequently, the proposals set out in the Masterplan are things that the Council can lawfully undertake. It should be noted that at this stage any third party interests the Council seeks to acquire will be by way of negotiation and not through its CPO powers. Any need to exercise CPO powers will be subject to further report and necessary consents and approvals. However, in doing so the Council must discharge its associated legal duties and comply with the law insofar as the practicalities and execution of the regeneration plan require.
- 6.3.4 The associated duties and powers that the Council must discharge and may exercise in relation to matters arising in this report are specifically:
 - A. The public law duty and, regarding its tenants, the tenancy obligation to have regard and consider the responses and outcomes of the consultation in making the decisions required of it in this report. The responses to the consultation are explained, analysed, and appended to this report.
 - B. The statutory duties and discretionary powers to pay compensation, and assist with rehousing, associated with the execution of this Masterplan as follows:

- i. Mandatory Home Loss Compensation Payments pursuant to s.29 Land Compensation Act 1973, as amended by para 3, Sch.15 Housing Act 2004
- ii. Discretionary Home Loss Payments. If an occupier has lived in the property for less than one year but has a legal interest and occupies the property as their only or main residence at the date of displacement, they may be entitled to a discretionary payment, not exceeding the amount of the mandatory payment. S.29(2) Land Compensation Act 1973
- iii. Mandatory Disturbance Payments. To compensate a residential occupier for reasonable expenses in moving from the house or land. Section 37 Land Compensation Act 1973. (Note even if there is no entitlement, local authorities have discretion to make a payment by way of compensation for disturbance).
- iv. Duty to rehouse displaced occupiers. S.39 (1) Land Compensation Act 1973. The local authority only has a rehousing duty if 'suitable alternative residential accommodation' on reasonable terms is not available to the displaced person. The duty on the local authority to rehouse the displaced person is separate from an authority's homelessness duties under the Housing Act 1996. There is no requirement that the person be in priority need.

7. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED (Outline any alternative options which were considered but rejected in the course of developing the proposal.)

- 7.1 The alternative options that have been rejected are:
 - 1. Delaying a decision on the adoption of a Masterplan

There would be a high risk of the community losing faith with the Council on this project as they have invested in this work and homes are in urgent need of improvement. The feedback from residents clearly indicates they are concerned about the condition of their homes. There is a high level of support from the residents directly affected and although low survey returns for the overall plan the feedback is overall in support of the improvements that are proposed.

2. Abandon any plans to implement the Masterplan.

The masterplan has been in development for over 4 years and was funded by a grant bid in 2017 to Government. If the plan did not move into delivery stage as an overarching plan the council would still need to commit significant investment and deliver elements of extensive repairs to ensure homes were maintained in line with stock condition surveys. There would be a risk that the homes in need of most interventions would become even less sustainable and this could have a negative impact on the estate, rental income would be lost and reactive repair costs would rise.

8. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

- 8.1 The Council embarked on the masterplan work in 2017 following a grant bid to Government for Estate Regeneration Funding. A fundamental requirement of the grant bid and best practice in estate regeneration is that the communities affected should be engaged in the development and implementation of masterplans. The Council has promised it would consult on the masterplan. The proposals for the masterplan were coproduced with members and community.
- 8.2 An engagement plan was developed, and all residents and stakeholders have had the opportunity to provide feedback. Feedback has now been collated following a 6-week consultation process, this indicates support overall for the proposals.
- 8.3 Members of the Gleadless Valley Steering Group have reflected on the feedback and have proposed (Table 3) the plan is refined in a few small areas, but these do not change the overall goals, principles, vision or financial plan for the masterplan
- 8.4 The outcomes that are now sought are:
 - Members to carefully consider and have regard to the consultation feedback in making its decisions arising from this report
 - Members to endorse moving forward and to approve the Masterplan
 - Members to approve and authorise that officers should make nonmaterial changes to the masterplan in response to some of the feedback received through consultation, and that the final plan be published in June 2022
 - Delegations to be given to the Director of Housing and the Head of Regeneration and Property to enable the masterplan to be delivered
 - Officers to commence work to develop a delivery plan to enable the work described in the report to be implemented

Appendix 1 Engagement Summary

Target audience	Who?	How did we reach them?	Response
Elected	Corporative Exe Members	 Monthly meeting, emails,	Steering Group
members, Inc.	and local Ward Councillors	briefing notes	engaged in meetings

Steering			
Group			
Engagement Forum	plus, three representatives from the Gleadless Valley TARA and Reverend Middleton, from the Holy	Monthly meeting, emails, briefing notes	Engagement Forum engaged in meetings Meeting
Stakeholder groups and organisations	Cross Church. See table above & Heeley Trust Heeley City Farm Gleadless Valley Foodbank Newfield Green Library Gleadless Valley Methodist Church SAVTE Gleadless Valley Wildlife Trust GV Litter picking group Friends of the Valley	 Email updates Consultation events Attendance at existing stakeholder meetings such as the Gleadless Valley Partnership. Gleadless Valley Masterplan Briefing meeting 21/01/22 Discussions with schools in the area, masterplan consultation sessions carried out 2/3/22 & 3/3/22 Paper copy of masterplan and surveys delivered to: Bankwood Community Primary school, Co-op on Constable Road, Gaunt Road shops – Deli Hut, Gaunt Road shops, Gleadless Valley Holy Cross Church, Gleadless Valley Medical Centre, Gleadless Valley Methodist Church, Herdings shops off Moorland Road, Herdings shops off Moorland Road, Herdings shops off Moorland Road - "Local" shop, Newfield Green shops, Newfield Secondary school, The Blackstock Pub, The Premier shop, Woodlands Primary School, William Fairhead – Gleadless Valley Wildlife Trust, Irene – resident of Gaunt Road, 	 South Yorkshire Climate Alliance Gleadless Valley Wildlife Trust Responses from school sessions Sheffield Local Access Forum Peak and Northern Footpath Society Heeley City Farm Foodbank Shelter

Internal	Head of Housing	Masterplan briefing email.	SCC Ecology/
Stakeholders	Investment and Maintenance Strategic Housing and Regeneration South & Southwest Housing Team Housing officers South Sheffield Local Area Partnership LACs Forward & Area Planning Development Management Housing Growth Team Asset Management Homes & Loans Leaseholder Team Communications Service Parks Countryside & Woodlands Business Growth Libraries & Community Services First point Contact Centre		Woodlands • Public rights of Way • SCC - Natural Flood and Water Managemen
Local residents (4,680 households within the Gleadless Valley Area)	Ward Profile MOSAIC data	 Postcards Posters displayed around the estate Consultation events (including an event with local interpreter) Social media, including paidfor posts Local press/radio Gov delivery emails / e-bulletin Online – through the SCC website and any other local relevant websites Word of mouth via local organisations/ stakeholders 	 94 responses via questionnaire 148 attended consultation events mixture of council tenants, homeowners, people who work in the valley 34,424 total views of all social media posts 1,206 clicks on links to webpage 2,578 shares, likes and comments on social media posts Geo targeting and paid ads on Facebook enabled wider reach as well as using the #Sheffield Top performing post Children have spoken post

Residents /landlords directly Impacted	Tenants, leaseholders, landlords and private tenants all impacted directly by housing proposals - remodelling/demolition	 Letter sent to all affected households/ landlords on 3rd Jan to inform them of proposals and to offer them a face-to-face interview with SCC officers during consultation period. SCC Tenants - Door knocked a minimum of 3 times, where not answered a calling card was posted through letter box, followed with x2 calls, voicemails and emails where applicable Private tenants – unknown risk data, or contact data so contact through letter drop x2 Landlords – letter x2, emailed and called where possible 	 65% SCC Residents 20% Private Tenants 100% Homeowner (owner-occupier) 50% Leaseholder Landlord
Local	Local business owners	Advertised on social media, and	
business		hard copies of plans delivered to	
owners		front facing	
		businesses/shopping centres	

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